teacher | librarian

THE JOURNAL FOR SCHOOL LIBRARY PROFESSIONALS

june 2014

In This Issue . . .

THE PHILOSOPHY OF EDUCATIONAL
MAKERSPACES: PART 1 OF MAKING AN
EDUCATIONAL MAKERSPACE

R. Steven Kurti, Debby L. Kurti, and Laura Fleming

BUILDING A CULTURE OF CREATION

Andy Plemmons

MAKE IT SO: YOU CAN START A MAKER CLUB AT YOUR SCHOOL LIBRARY!

Rebecca Sofferman Buerkett

SCHOOL LIBRARY MAKERSPACES:
MAKING IT UP AS I GO

Ana Canino-Fluit

REALITY CHECK: AUGMENTED REALITY FOR SCHOOL LIBRARIES

Marybeth Green, Joy Lea Hill, and Cheryl Lisa McNair

WHY DO I STILL NEED A LIBRARY
WHEN I HAVE ONE IN MY POCKET? THE
TEACHER LIBRARIAN'S ROLE IN 1:1/
BYOD LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS

Jennifer LaGarde and Doug Johnson

WHY A MIDDLE SCHOOL LEARNING COMMONS?

Chad Stephenson and Jason Stone

LOOKING BACK ON A YEAR OF TRANSITION FROM TRADITIONAL LIBRARY TO LEARNING COMMONS

Christina A. Bentheim

Maker Movement
Makerspaces
Augmented Reality
Learning Commons
Professional Relevance



SALT LAKE CITY UT 84103-4763

DEC 14

*********EIBM 84103

123 E 2ND A LOERTSCHER 123 E 2ND AVE APT 1106

29591 TLPB 42373

0 9 2 1978 ******

teacher | librarian



CONT

Volume 41 Number 5 June 2014

FEATURES

8

THE PHILOSOPHY OF EDUCATIONAL MAKERSPACES: PART 1 OF MAKING AN EDUCATIONAL MAKERSPACE

R. Steven Kurti, Debby L. Kurti, and Laura Fleming provide an excellent discussion of the maker movement and makerspaces, the rationale behind them and the benefits they produce. The important article is very informative and very persuasive. This is a must read for teacher librarians.

12

BUILDING A CULTURE OF CREATION

Andy Plemmons offers firsthand experience introducing maker culture and activity to his library and students. Starting simple and moving to robotics and 3D printing, Plemmons demonstrates realistic ways to start and grow making in school libraries.

17

MAKE IT SO: YOU CAN START A MAKER CLUB AT YOUR SCHOOL LIBRARY!

Rebecca Sofferman Buerkett recounts her route to making in an informative and useful article. Buerkett covers goals and planning, space, funding, volunteers, and technical expertise.

21

SCHOOL LIBRARY MAKERSPACES: MAKING IT UP AS I GO

Ana Canino-Fluit shares her experience and success in establishing a maker club in her small school. She also related maker activity to both AASL's Standards for the 21st-Century Learner in Action and the CCSS Anchor Standards.

28

REALITY CHECK: AUGMENTED REALITY FOR SCHOOL LIBRARIES

Marybeth Green, Joy Hill Lea, and Cheryl Lisa McNair argue that augmented reality for school libraries is closer than we think. The authors discuss research related to augmented reality in learning environments and strategies for implementation in school libraries as a plan for research or a product of research. Strategies include create, curate, locate, and gamify. A very interesting article on an important topic.

40

WHY DO I STILL NEED A LIBRARY WHEN I HAVE ONE IN MY POCKET? THE TEACHER LIBRARIAN'S ROLE IN 1:1/BYOD LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS

Jennifer LaGarde and Doug Johnson have produced an important "call-to-arms" for teacher librarians. The article addresses the challenge to teacher librarians to remain relevant—and employed—as the world of information and information technology threaten traditional roles and practices. The authors present several ideas and actions that can be used to change, adapt, and survive.

45

WHY A MIDDLE SCHOOL LEARNING COMMONS?

Chad Stephenson and Jason Stone address the question "Why a Learning Commons?" for librarians, administrators, technology coordinators, and other middle school teachers. The article tells the story of the learning commons created by the San Francisco Friends School, among the first for middle school students in the United States.

50

LOOKING BACK ON A YEAR OF TRANSITION FROM TRADITIONAL LIBRARY TO LEARNING COMMONS

Christina A. Bentheim finishes her year-long series of articles reporting on the transformation of her traditional library into an innovative and vibrant learning commons.

BESTBUYS

36 Poster

54 Professional Reading David V. Loertscher & Elizabeth "Betty" Marcoux Resources for the Teacher Librarian

56 Web Wonders Joanne Troutner A Fond Farewell

BOOKMARKIT

- 9 Junior Nonfiction Sara Catherine Howard
- 16 YA Nonfiction Sara Catherine Howard
- 25 YA Fiction Kathleen Odean
- 27 YA Fiction Kathleen Odean
- 46 Picture Books Erlene Bishop Killeen
- 49 Graphic Novels Joe Sutliff Sanders
- 51 Graphic Novels Joe Sutliff Sanders
- 60 Junior Fiction Betty Winslow
- 62 Junior Fiction Betty Winslow
- 70 Best New Software Joanne Troutner

DEPARTMENTS



- Notebook David V. Loertscher and Elizabeth "Betty" Marcoux Summer
- What Works David V. Loertscher Makers, Self-Directed Learners, and the Library Learning Commons
 - 59 From the Brain Trust Joanne Troutner Changes, Circles, and Contemplation
 - 61 Advocacy Mark Ray Aiming Higher for Successful Advocacy
 - 63 Primary Voices Erlene Bishop Killeen What Will You Do with a Wordless Book?
 - 64 InfoTech Annette Lamb and Larry Johnson Infographics Part 2: Practical Ideas for Your School Library
 - 68 Personal Computing Reid Goldsborough Dealing with the Heartbleed Bug
 - 69 School Library Tech Ideas Elizabeth "Betty" Marcoux Reading & Cheating & Technology
 - **Our Columnists**
 - Advertiser Index

ADVISORYBOARD

Susan D. Ballard

Simmons College, GSLIS, Boston, MA susan.ballard@simmons.edu

Gail Bush

National-Louis University, Chicago, IL gail.bush@nl.edu

Connie Champlin

Library Consultant cchamp@iquest.net

Rosemary Chance

Sam Houston State University, Huntsville, TX rxc001@shsu.edu

Bill Derry Assistant Director, Westport Library bderry@westportlibrary.org

Ray Doiron
University of Prince Edward Island, PEI raydoiron@upei.ca

Jean Donham

University of Northern Iowa jean.donham@uni.edu

Rose Dotten

University of Toronto Schools, Toronto, ON

Michele Farquharson Kerrisdale Elementary School, Vancouver, BC mfarquhars@vsb.bc.ca

Carrie Gardner

Kutztown University, PA carrie.gardner@gmail.com

Sara Kelly Johns

Lake Placid Middle/Senior High School, NY johns@northnet.org

Doug Johnson

Mankato Area Public Schools, MN djohns1@isd77.k12.mn.us

Liz Kerr

Ontario Library Association, Toronto, CA lkerr@accessola.com

Erlene Bishop Killeen Stoughton Area School District, WI erlene.killeen@stoughton.k12.wi.us

Marcia Mardis

Florida State University, FL mmardis@fsu.edu

Joy McGregor

Charles Sturt University, Australia joymal@bigpond.net.au

Jo Ellen Misakian

Fresno Pacific University, CA jmisakian@fresno.edu

Betty Morris

Jacksonville State University, AL bmorris@jsu.edu

Barbara Weathers
Duchesne Academy, Houston, TX
Barbara. Weathers@duchesne.org

Ann Carlson Weeks University of Maryland acweeks@umd.edu

Nancy Zimmerman

University of South Carolina, Columbus, SC npz@gwm.sc.edu

Feature articles are blind refereed by members of the Advisory Board.

Guidelines for authors available online at: www.teacherlibrarian.com

teacher librarian

is committed to collaborative partnerships for improved student learning through thought-provoking and challenging feature articles, strategies for effective advocacy, regular review columns, and critical analyses of management and programming issues

Founder Ken Haycock Publisher Edward Kurdyla Coeditor David Loertscher Coeditor Elizabeth "Betty" Marcoux editor@teacherlibrarian.com

COLUMNISTS

Reid Goldsborough, Sara Catherine Howard, Larry Johnson, Erlene Killeen, Annette Lamb, David Loertscher, Elizabeth "Betty" Marcoux, Kathleen Odean, Mark Ray, Joe Sutliff Sanders, Joanne Troutner, Betty Winslow

EDITORIAL OFFICES TEACHER LIBRARIAN The Journal for School Library Professionals Box 958

Bowie, MD 20718-0958

Phone: 301-805-2191 Fax: 301-805-2192

E-mail: editor@teacherlibrarian.com Web site: www.teacherlibrarian.com

ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVE

The YGS Group.

3650 West Market Street • York, PA 17404 717.505.9701

E-mail: info@theygsgroup.com

DESIGN AND LAYOUT

Enterline Design Services, LLC www.enterlinedesign.com

Requests to reproduce items beyond a single copy require permission from the publisher. Send requests to: publisher@teacherlibrarian.com.

SUBSCRIPTIONS

\$60 per year. Bulk rates to one address available. Subscriptions, Teacher Librarian Box 958 • Bowie, MD 20718-0958 Phone: 301.805.2191 • Fax: 301.805.2192 Subscription inquiries e-mail: subscriptions@teacherlibrarian.com Or subscribe online at: www.teacherlibrarian.com

Teacher Librarian is owned by E L Kurdyla Publishing LLC.

U.S. POSTMASTER: Teacher Librarian (ISSN 1481-1782 USPS #9-407) (Publications Mail Registration Number 40028609) is published bimonthly except July/August for \$60.00 per year by E L Kurdyla Publishing LLC, Box 958, Bowie, MD 20718-0958. Periodicals postage paid at Bowie, MD, and at additional mailing offices.

ADDRESS CORRECTIONS: Send address corrections (covers only) to Subscriptions, Teacher Librarian, Box 958, Bowie, MD 20718-0958.

All rights reserved. No part of this journal may be reproduced without written permission. Not responsible for unsolicited editorial material. Copyright © 2013 by E L Kurdyla Publishing, LLC.

NOTEBOOK





Summer

David V. Loertscher and Elizabeth "Betty" Marcoux

hhh - summer! The "break" to which we have been looking forward. Yes, time to pause, but also time to refresh and rethink!

As most educators know, the "summer break" isn't only a time to relax and enjoy a respite from Monday to Friday workdays, but it also is a time to contemplate what next year is going to look like.

We believe this issue can help you with your reflection. One of the hottest topics to emerge recently is the Maker Movement and Makerspaces. We have included multiple articles that may help you think about the potential for a makerspace at your school, what will work with your situation, and how to begin or continue this process. Several schools are holding events that involve many concepts of the makerspace agenda; some schools are collaborating with public libraries and other community organizations to create an opportunity for students to enjoy the concepts of creation. Look for something in your community.

Kurti et al have spent much time developing thoughts and strategies about the makerspace movement, and they have put them on paper for all of us to enjoy. This article is a thoughtful, insightful, and important analysis of the philosophy and pedagogical underpinnings of the movement. Their analysis and argument are strong, and the benefits they tout are inspiring. The authors will follow up with two more articles on the maker movement which will be published in the next two issues of TL and posted on our website. Continuing with the maker theme, both Plemmons and Buerkett offer thoughts about what tools and resources might be needed, how to acquire them, and how to use them effectively. Canino-Fluit offers a reality check about implementing the concepts of creation/makerspace while aligning such activities with both the AASL and CCSS standards. Worthwhile reading to consider how these ideas may fit into what already is your very full plate.

This issue also draws from several field experts who offer suggestions for how to increase the viability and visibility of the school library in a technology-influenced world. Green, Lea, and McNair talk about the concepts of augmented reality and how it can be considered when planning for research. They offer strategies addressing both creation and curation. LaGarde and Johnson discuss the challenges faced by teacher librarians in the shadow

Makers, Self-Directed Learners, and the Library Learning Commons

David V. Loertscher

very day, in every school, we encounter learners with a huge variation in what they know, what they are able to do, and their ability to learn. It has always been so, but the diversity of learners, their language backgrounds, and their encounters with the world of information and technology makes for quite a different and complex challenge.

In the United States, we are faced with changing standards and tests that challenge us to spit out from the system a product as uniform as Twinkies or the number-one choice on any fast food restaurant's list. Since the measuring stick is changing but the pressure on teachers to produce is going up, one wonders what is going to happen when the news of massive failure on the new tests spreads across the country and through the media.

Concurrently, voices are getting louder and louder that advocate the idea of the world of creativity, making, inventing, thinking outside the box, becoming an entrepreneur. Many people are talking about the self-directed learner versus the cookie-cutter regurgitater. These people advocate for a diversity of outcomes as the essential direction in order to hold first-world positions, opportunity, and affluence.

Teacher librarians are in a position to not only recognize the various pressures on teachers, testing, technology, and the exponential growth of information and networking but also can, through their library learning commons program, do more than just try to hold on, hoping that the current craze will subside if we just ignore it.

We continue to encounter brave professionals who first recognize leadership opportunities and take a "both and" approach, rather than an "either or" stance. There is one sure way of understanding this maker movement, and that is to experience it, for instance, at a maker fair. The inspiration for the uTEC Maker Model in this issue and presented below came from just such a visit by Bill Derry, Leslie Preddy, and myself. The New York Makerfaire in the fall of 2013 had hundreds of booths and probably 100,000 visitors looking, interacting, talking, and marveling over young people, college students, adults, entrepreneurs, volunteer organizations, and professional organizations demonstrating what they had invented. The infectious environment as one walks from one amazing idea to the next is stimulating yet overwhelming the longer you stay.

The uTEC Maker Model pictured here and also in the centerfold of *Teacher Librarian* charts a journey from using to creating and takes note of the dispositions that are developing along the path. The model has two purposes: (1) to help adults recognize behaviors they may only usually see in spurts and (2) to provide a visual representation for creators or budding creators to help them recognize that they are on the same path as the greatest inventors and makers in world history. Why the need for a visual representation? In education, teachers bent on covering, delivering, and pushing mastery often see any deviation from a prescribed set of assignments as an aberration than creative expression. Such behaviors are often punished and squelched.

Following along the uTEC model with us will help to recognize and elevate creativity rather than judging alternative thinking and behavior as negative,

U FOR USING

☐ Enjoy, sample, engage, play, participate in, or experience what others have created

We are all users and enjoy the creations of others, from games to microwaves to cell phones, to art and music and the automobiles we drive. We love new models and often want to be the first to own them, but we trust the creative approach of the inventor and use the item as intended.

T FOR TINKER

☐ Play, mess around, question, research, make changes to others' creations

We often become curious or dissatisfied with an invention and start experimenting with its purpose or the way it works, or we arrange the music or change the game. We might repurpose an item to use it in a different way than the inventor intended.

E FOR EXPERIMENTING

☐ Build, try/fail, repurpose, modify and test theories, learn from failure/success

At this level, we get serious about tinkering and begin experimenting with an idea, invention, musical sound, or video technique as we wonder what would happen if . . . This requires much trial and error, record keeping, thinking, and rethinking.

C FOR CREATING

☐ Invent, produce, entrepreneurship, novel products, ideas, inventions

The ideas have now come into focus, and a product or item continued on pg. 38 >

Using

Tinkering

Enjoying; Sampling; Engaging, Playing

Participate in or experience what others have created

Playing, Messing Around; Questioning, Researching

Making Personal changes to others' creation

© 2013 Bill Derry David V. Loertscher Leslie Preddy Strategies: Work & Time -



Maker Model

Experimenting

ing; Trying/ Failing; rposing

fying and testing theories; ning from failure / success

Creating

Inventing; Producing; **Entrepreneurship**

Novel product; Ideas: Inventions

Poles: Presenter Developing Dispositione. Residence Residence Problem Solving Persistence Residence Actions: Know - Imagine - Inquire - Design Colors

appears as a prototype ready to push out into the world of ideas, production, and demonstration.

MY DEVELOPING

Strategies ■ Work and time Organization □ Teamwork ☐ Problem solving □ Persistence ☐ Resilience Actions ☐ Know ☐ Imagine ☐ Inquire Design ☐ Collaborate Roles ☐ Presenter Mentor ☐ Coach □ Communicator

☐ Leader

Along our path to becoming a creator, either knowingly or unknowingly, we have been required to build new skills and abilities, and upon reflection, we are surprised about what we now know and are able to do. We experience pride in our work and taste excellence, but we might also encounter new questions that makes us start all over again.

As adults, if we recognize that curiosity and play are leading to tinkering, repurposing, trial and error, or serious experimentation, then we make it known to both individuals and groups that this behavior is not only acceptable but welcome. The action may not fit into what we are doing with the children or teens at the moment, but we are flexible enough to allow it to occur. It can be disrupting, annoying, or even a direct challenge, but as mentors, we learn to deal with the unexpected. What others might perceive as off script, off task, confusion, or conflict, the mentor sees as growth potential and encourages the behaviors to achieve a larger goal and per-

For the learner, curiosity and invention become a natural part of learning. It is not a matter of rebellion or malicious intent-it is a matter for serious pursuit of the greater good, self-fulfillment, and a sense of accomplishment. I begin to understand the meaning of personal expertise, cooperative group work, and collaborative intelligence. Creation becomes a part of life and living, my way of making a difference.

In a larger sense, curiosity, critical thinking, creativity, problem solving, and work-arounds become a normal and natural part of education. The learner has the ability to knuckle down and get work done in an intended way but is often focused on new ways to accomplish a task more efficiently, and productivity increases.

Examples abound everywhere. We discover how to use a Google document for collaborative writing, commenting, and thinking. Learners start using one technology tool to create a presentation and end up using another to build a simulation of how something works. We start off expecting the acquisition of a prescribed body of facts but end up with deep understanding, reflection, and application to a current problem.

For the teacher librarian torn between two worlds of direct instruction versus constructivism, the library learning commons is the place to foster both environments. We make room for both formal and informal learning, and we do so in both our physical learning commons and in the virtual learning commons.

For those trapped in scheduled classes, perhaps "making" takes over as the "curriculum" of the library learning commons. Such a notion concentrates on building the self-directed learner-the explorer of the world of print and multimedia; the inquirer, whether an individual or group; the tinkerer/experimenter; and creator. It becomes a matter of mentoring rather than another top-down teaching plan. Such an idea is probably foreign to most, but perhaps it is something to brainstorm our way through and develop a possible proof-ofconcept experiment. The expectation for the library learning commons behavior is that I go there to explore, think, create, do, participate in, perform, and come into command of my own learning. Perhaps such a place makes the learning commons central to my education, to my life and career. And I can do all this participatory development both in the physical and the virtual world simultaneously. Does this turn the learning commons into a giant learning laboratory? What an idea! Actually, it has been a part of the dream of what a school library is really for-an idea dating back to the 1960 standards for school libraries-but is often masked by other priorities. Is it a return to our roots but in the new world of exploding information and technology?

The idea of maker and making challenges each of us to rethink our roles as teacher librarians. For those pushing toward the learning commons concept, it challenges our thinking and planning. It adds another dimension to the capture of that diverse learner, a way to build not only essential skills and understanding but also to push beyond that in a variety of ways rather than a set framework. It also reminds us once more about the crazy

Here's to the crazy ones. The misfits. The rebels. The troublemakers. The round pegs in the square holes. The ones who see things differently. They're not fond of rules. And they have no respect for the status quo. You can quote them, disagree with them, glorify or vilify them. About the only thing you can't do is ignore them. Because they change things. They push the human race forward. And while some may see them as the crazy ones, we see genius. Because the people who are crazy enough to think they can change the world, are the ones who do.-Apple Computer

We all have had a teacher who liberated our thinking and released in us qualities that we did not recognize in ourselves. How did they do it? And, more importantly, how can we pass it on? It is a path worth pursuing. Is making in your future?